

Building an Accessible Learning Environment

Inclusive experiences for every student



MEET YOUR GUIDE: TRAINER EXPERTISE

Surbhi Lohia

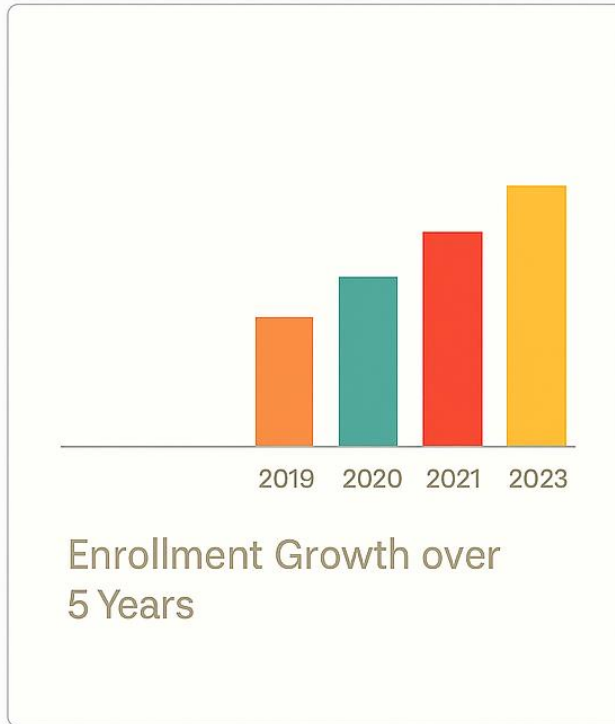
- 10+ years in digital accessibility & inclusive design (WCAG, ADA, Section 508)
- Led accessibility strategy at Accenture & SAP Labs; built CoEs & mentored teams
- Speaker & advocate at Axe Con 2025, IAAP Webinar; active in global accessibility community
- Expertise: audits, inclusive design, training, organizational change
- Skilled with JAWS, NVDA, VoiceOver, ARIA, Microsoft Suite, Workday
- Early career: Trainer for the Blind, empowering 150+ visually impaired students



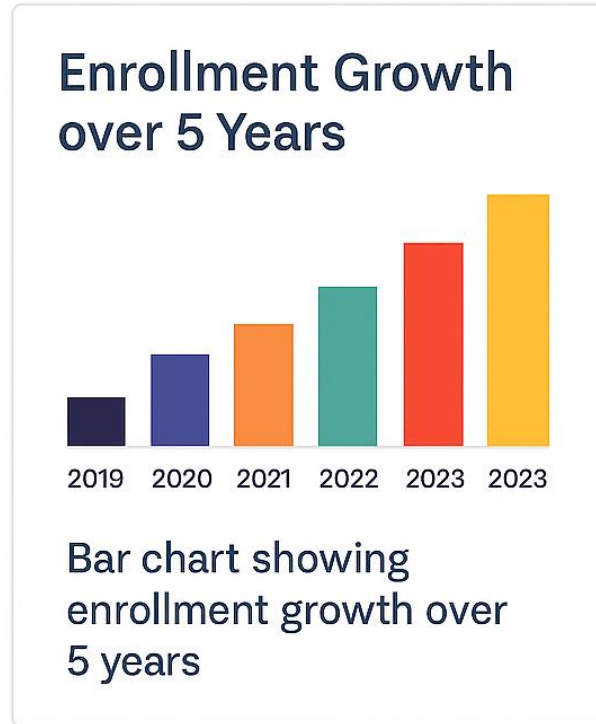
**ACCESSIBILITY SUBJECT MATTER EXPERT | CPACC
CERTIFIED | 100% VISUALLY IMPAIRED**

Can You Spot The Clear Winner?

Can everyone access this?



What's different here?



Small font, low contrast, unclear visuals, unlabeled image

Vs

Clear font, high contrast, labeled chart with description/alt text

Which version works better for your students?

TODAY'S OBJECTIVES

- Why Accessibility Matters?
- Understanding User Needs
- Accessibility & Compliance
- Principles of Accessible Design (POUR)
- Common Accessibility Barriers
- Accessibility in Practice
- Accessibility Tools & Resources
- From Awareness to Action: The Road Ahead
- Accessibility Deep Dive: Upcoming Sessions
- Q & A

Why Accessibility Matters?

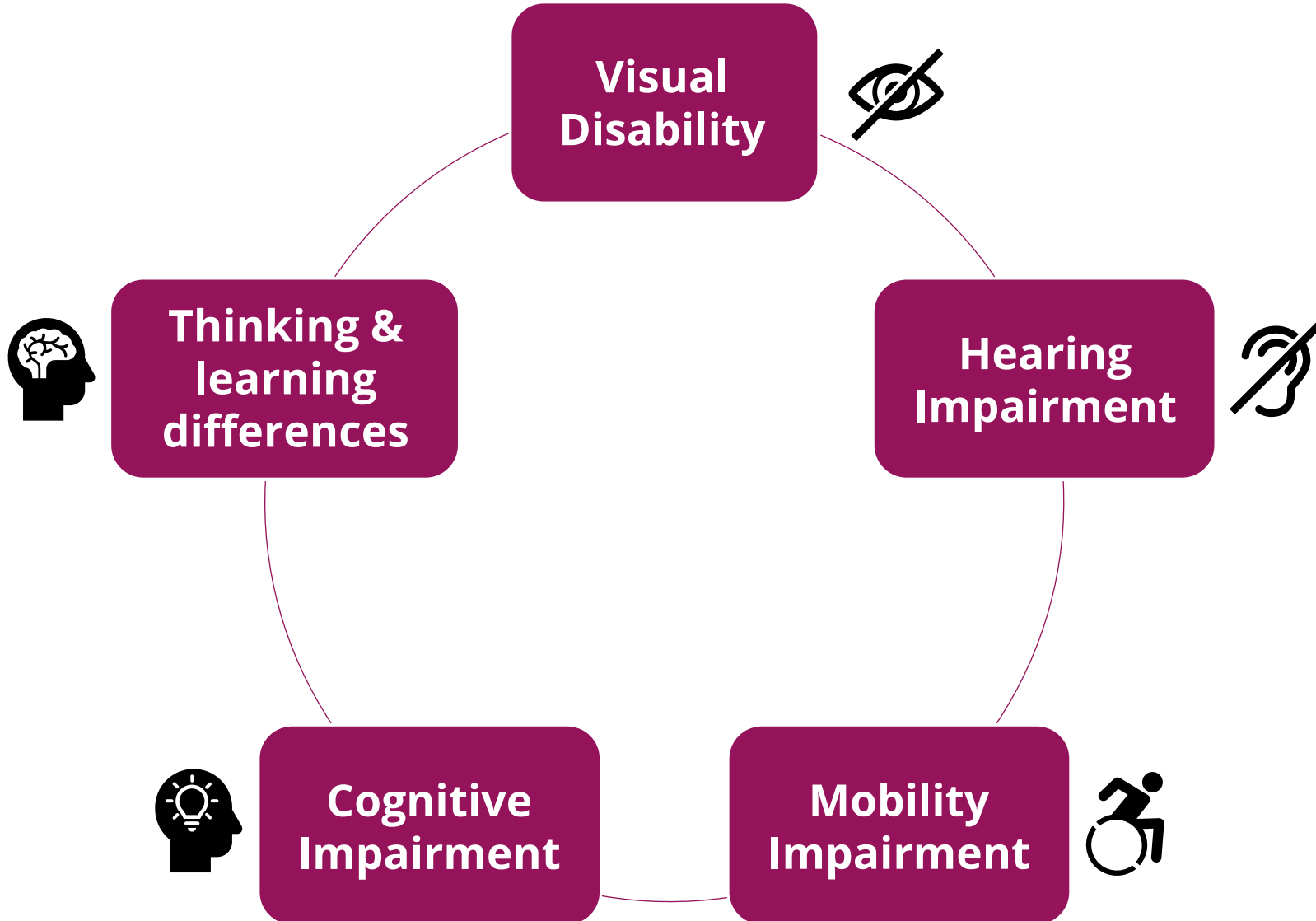
Challenges & Impact

- Nearly **1 in 5 students** has a disability—yet access is rare
- Up to **43% of students** report a disability (many uncounted)
- **49.5%** student with disabilities graduate vs. **68%** peers

Barriers & Readiness

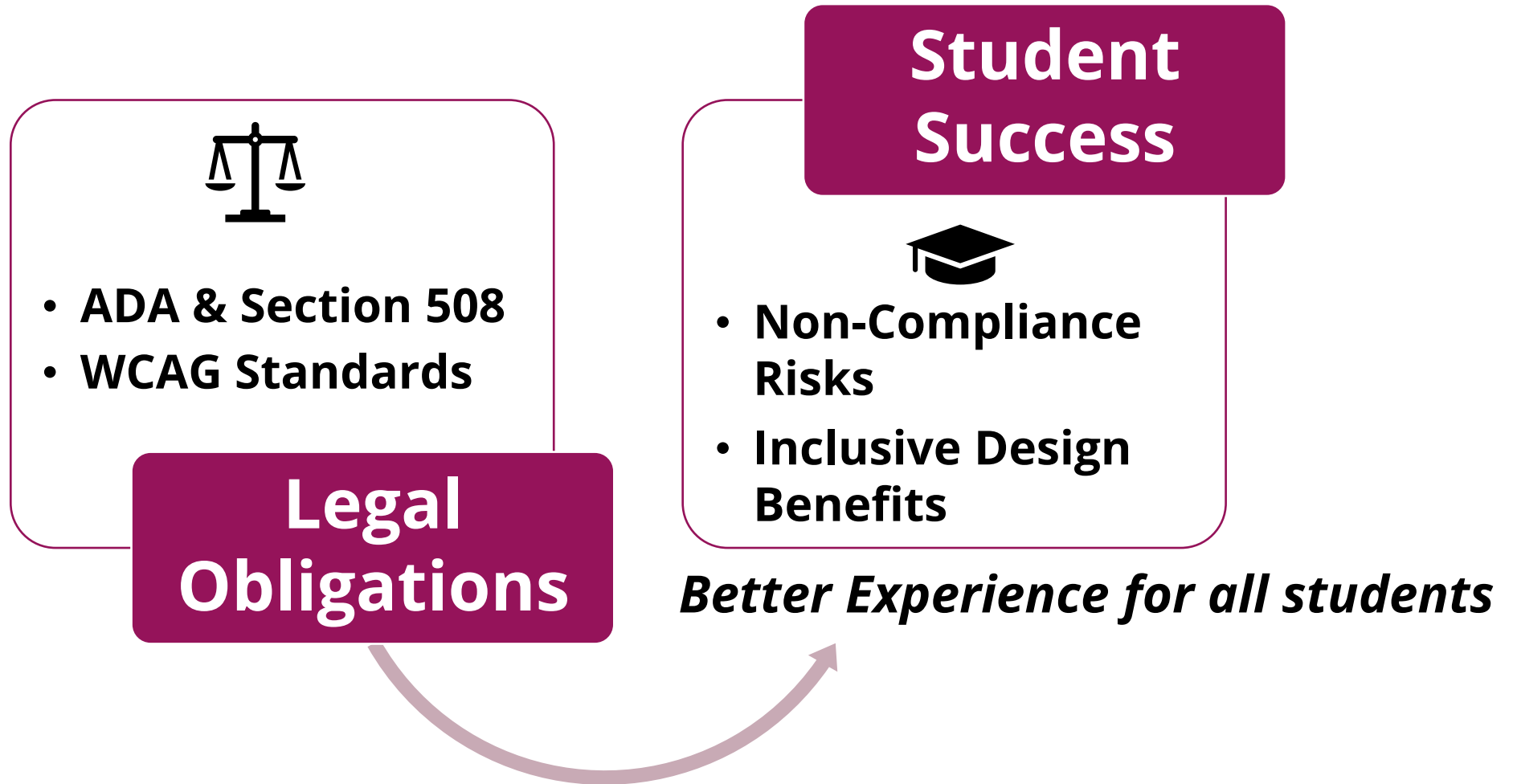
- **96%** of U.S. higher-ed websites are non-compliant with ADA
- **1/3** faculty unaware of WCAG; **45%** unclear on details
- Only **10%** of faculty feel they have adequate accessibility tools

Understanding User Needs

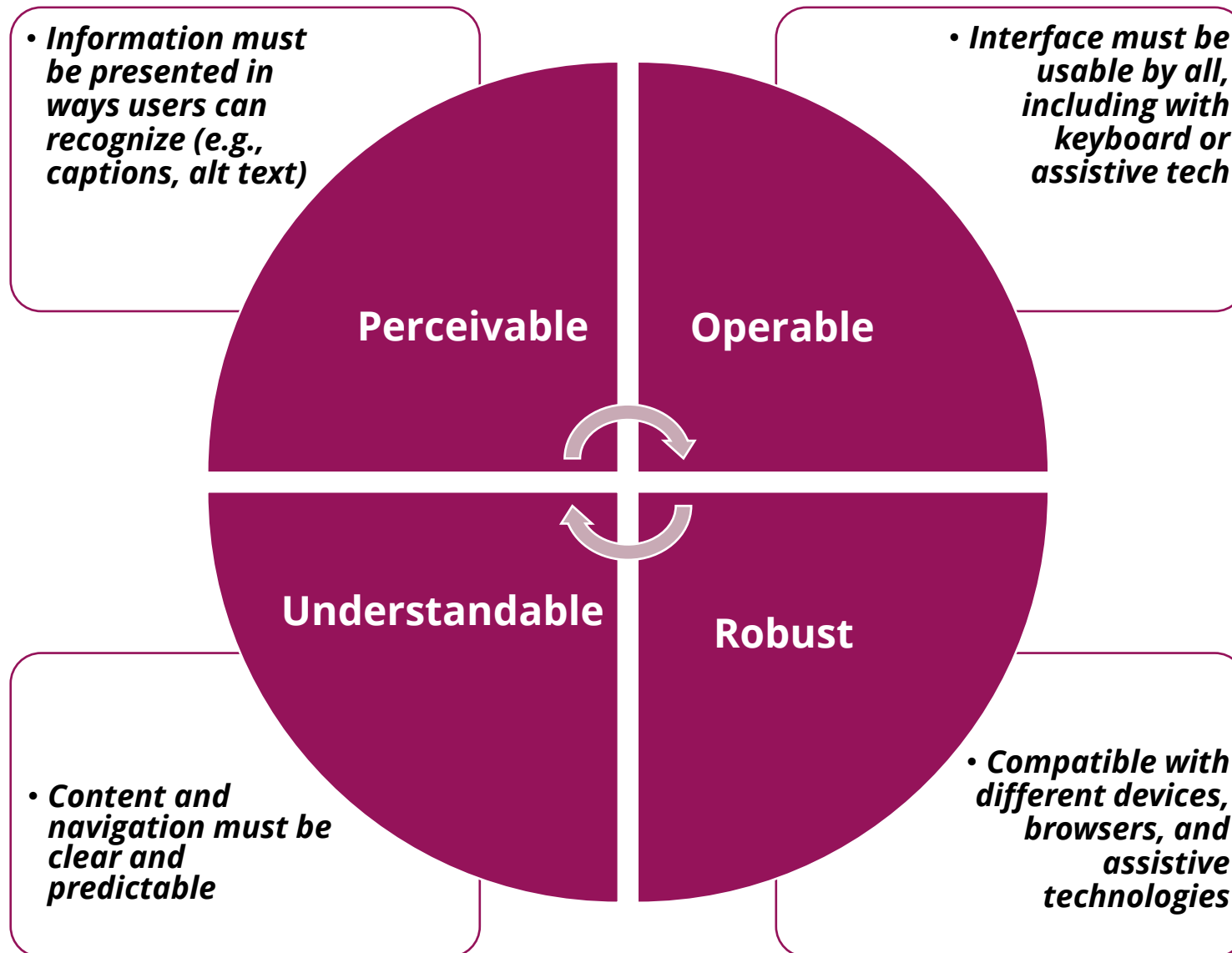


- **Disabilities are diverse:** visual, hearing, mobility, cognitive, neurodivergence
- **Needs vary across physical & digital environments**
- **One size does not fit all — accessibility ≠ just compliance**
- **Universal Design:** benefits everyone, not only those with disabilities
- **Co-design with students:** “Nothing about us without us”

Accessibility & Compliance



Principles of Accessible Design (POUR)



Common Accessibility Barriers



Low color contrast

Missing alt text for images

Poor font choice / small text size



Lack of captions

Inaccessible audio/video content



Interfaces requiring fine mouse control

No keyboard navigation support



Complex navigation or cluttered layouts

Jargon-heavy or unclear content

Time-limited tasks without flexibility



Websites/apps incompatible with assistive tech (e.g., screen readers)

Mobile-unfriendly design



Accessibility in Practice: Effective Alternative Text

✗ Poor Examples

No Alt Text:
Screen reader says
“Image.”

Vague Alt Text:
“People.”

Over-Described Alt Text:

“A young man with glasses wearing a blue checkered shirt is typing on a silver laptop covered in stickers while two women ... [etc].”



✓ Good Examples

Useful Alt Text:
“Three colleagues collaborating around a laptop during a meeting.”

Context-Specific Alt Text:

“Colleagues working together on a laptop, representing teamwork.”

Accessibility in practice: Sufficient Color Contrast

This is sample text in low contrast

This is sample text in low contrast

This is sample text in low contrast

**Bad
Contrast
Examples**

This is sample text with proper contrast

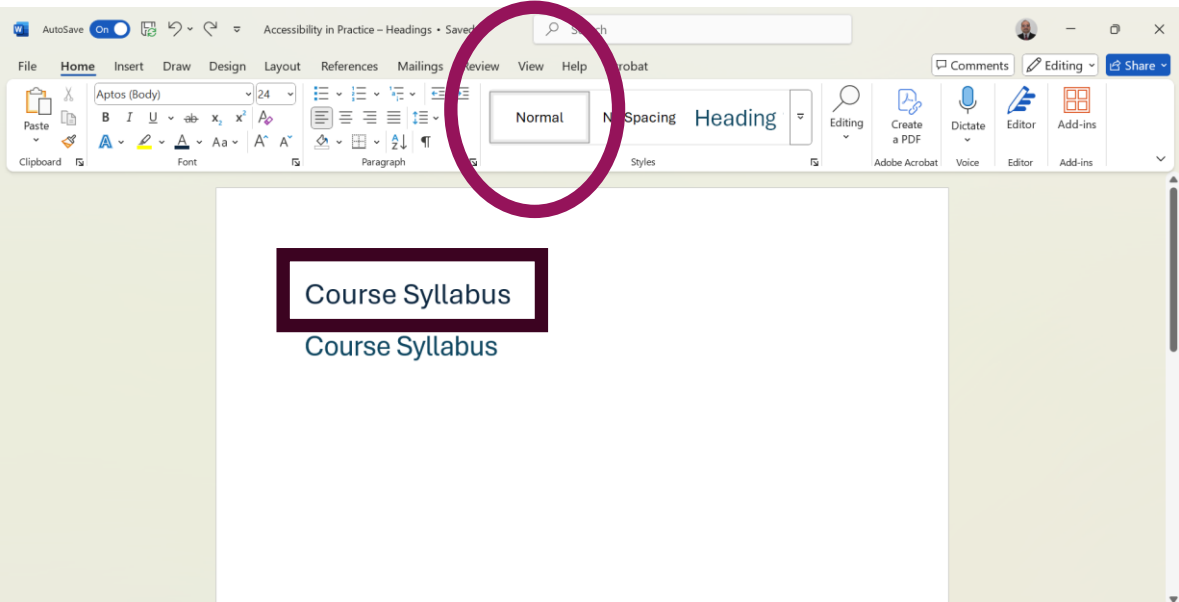
This is sample text with proper contrast

This is sample text with proper contrast

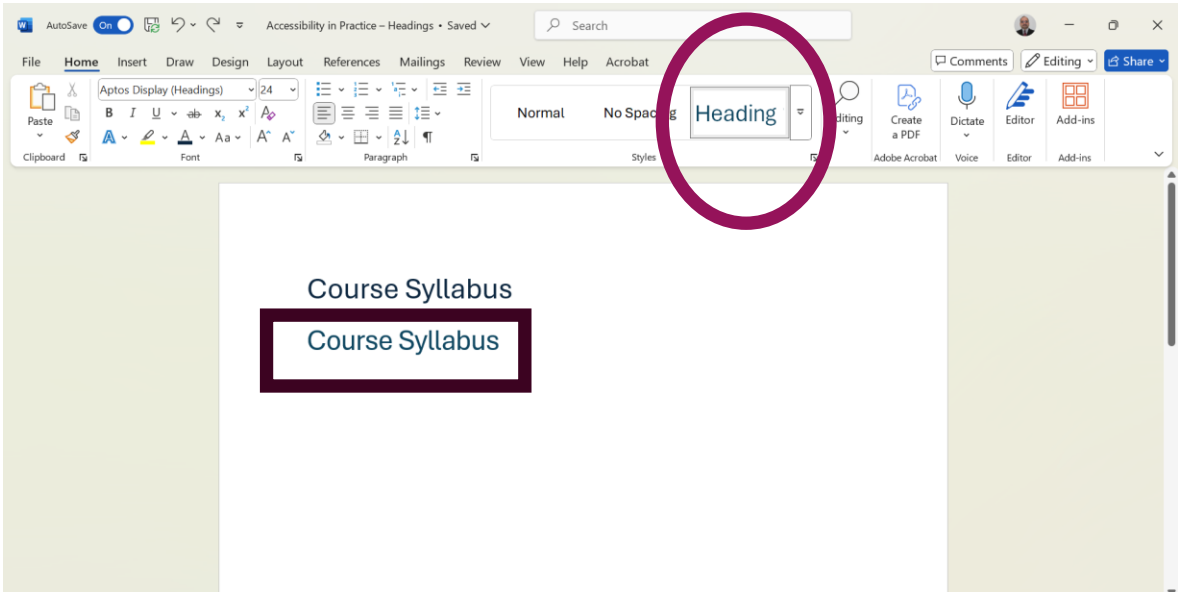
**Good
Contrast
Examples**

Accessibility in practice: Headings For Structure

✗ Poor Example



✓ Good Example



Accessibility in practice: Descriptive Links

 Poor Example

[Click here](#)

 Good Example

[Click here to go to
Accessibility Tools & Resources slide](#)

Accessibility in practice: Clear Language



Poor Example

Students must demonstrate interdisciplinary metacognition aligned to institutional paradigms

Students are required to furnish comprehensive expository documentation delineating their epistemological framework and methodological justifications within a fortnight of project initiation



Good Example

Students should explain how their learning connects across subjects

Students must submit a 2-page paper explaining their research approach and methods within two weeks of starting the project

Accessibility in practice: Flexible Interaction

✗ Poor Example

Bad Example - Mouse Only

Name:

Email:

Course:

❑ Mouse only, not keyboard accessible

✓ Good Example

Good Example - Keyboard Accessible

Name:

Email:

Course:

❑ Fully keyboard accessible

Accessibility in practice: Compatible Content

✗ Poor Example

BIOLOGY 101 - STUDY GUIDE Chapter 5: Cell Structure Key Concepts: • Cell membrane: Controls what enters/exits • Nucleus: Contains genetic material (DNA) • Mitochondria: Powerhouse of the cell • Ribosomes: Protein synthesis Important Terms: - Prokaryotic: Cells without nucleus - Eukaryotic: Cells with nucleus - Organelles: Specialized cell parts Exam Tips: Remember the functions of each organelle Practice drawing cell diagrams Review photosynthesis vs cellular respiration

Image - Cannot be selected

✓ Good Example

BIOLOGY 101 - STUDY GUIDE

Chapter 5: Cell Structure

Key Concepts:

- **Cell membrane:** Controls what enters/exits
- **Nucleus:** Contains genetic material (DNA)
- **Mitochondria:** Powerhouse of the cell
- **Ribosomes:** Protein synthesis

Important Terms:

- **Prokaryotic:** Cells without nucleus
- **Eukaryotic:** Cells with nucleus
- **Organelles:** Specialized cell parts
- **Exam Tips:**

1. Remember the functions of each organelle
2. Practice drawing cell diagrams
3. Review photosynthesis vs cellular respiration

Accessibility Tools & Resources

Built-in tools

- Microsoft Accessibility Checker (Word, PPT, Excel)
- Google Docs Accessibility Features
- Adobe Acrobat Accessibility Checker

Testing Tools

- WAVE (Web Accessibility Evaluation Tool)
- axe DevTools
- Color Contrast Analyzer

Guidelines & References

- WCAG (Web Content Accessibility Guidelines)
- Section 508 (U.S.)
- ADA Title II & III (higher-ed impact)

Helpful Sites

- W3C WAI ([Web Accessibility Initiative](#))
- [A11Y Project](#) (checklists, tutorials)

From Awareness to Action: The Road Ahead

Today We Covered

Accessibility = equity + compliance + better experience for all

Small steps (headings, alt text, contrast, captions) → big impact

Everyone shares responsibility: faculty, staff, students, IT

Accessibility is not extra work—it's good design

***If there's one thing you take away today, it's this:
Accessibility isn't about checklists—it's about people***

Accessibility Deep Dive: Upcoming Sessions

Session 2: Image description & alt text

Session 3: Video accessibility

Session 4: On-page content accessibility

Session 5: PDF tagging & accessible documents

Q& A

THANKS

Source

- 1) [96% of American Colleges Deny Equal Access to Disabled - AAAtraq](#)
- 2) [Study Shows Equity Gap in Classroom Tech for Students With Disabilities - govtech](#)
- 3) [Report: Almost All Disabled Students Lack Access to College Readiness Programs – The 74](#)
- 4) [Faculty Survey Shows Need for Digital Accessibility Support - insidehighered](#)